

In vitro ubiquitination assays

version	V1, July-2016
applicable for	UbiQ Triple E Probes, Activity-based probes for E1-E2-E3 enzymes
reference	Mulder, M. P. C. et al. a cascading activity-based probe sequentially targets E1-E2-E3 ubiquitin enzymes. <i>Nature chemical biology</i> . 12 , 523–530 (2016). doi:10.1038/nchembio.2084.

protocol

stability

1. assess the stability of thioether-linked UBE2D3-UbDha adduct by incubating 5 μM purified thioether conjugate at 37°C in combination with 2 μM TRAF6 or 2 μM GST-NEDD4

The stability of the UBE2N-UbDha adduct was assessed similarly but with the accessory E2 variant UBE2V2 with or without TRAF6

1. samples were collected at 0-, 1-, 3-, and 24-h time points for visualization on Coomassie-stained SDS-PAGE gels
2. control reactions containing 0.5 μM UBE1, 5 μM E2, 20 μM Ub and the relevant activating factors demonstrate the Ub chain formation activity under normal *in vitro* conditions

competitive inhibition

Single-turnover ubiquitination assays were established for UBE2N with an initial activation stage containing

1. 10 μM UBE2N, 0.5 μM UBE1, 20 μM Ub, 2.5 mM ATP, and 5 mM MgCl_2 to generate native thioester-linked UBE2N~Ub after 30 min at 37 °C
2. this reaction was then quenched by addition of apyrase to prevent any further formation of UBE2N~Ub.
3. preactivated UBE2N~Ub was then diluted twofold into a reaction containing 5 μM UBE2V2 alone or in addition to 1 μM GST-clAP
4. samples were collected at 0-, 15-, and 30-min time points for visualization of diUb product formation on Coomassie-stained SDS-PAGE gels
5. to test for competitive inhibition using the thioether-linked UBE2N-UbDha adduct, increasing concentrations (1.25 μM , 2.5 μM , 5 μM , 10 μM , and 20 μM) of purified conjugate were added to reactions containing UBE2N~Ub, UBE2V2, and GST-clAP as specified above
6. samples were collected at 30-min intervals to compare levels of diUb product formation with the control experiment